

Live Sale  
d in Sale  
d in Sale  
The  
have  
will  
be  
day,  
and

The  
have  
will  
be  
day,  
and

The  
have  
will  
be  
day,  
and

# THE AUSTRALIAN FREE PRESS

No. 5483 VOL. XXXVI.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1855.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

**THE WASHINGTON** Steamship is now ready to receive passengers, of any tonnage, to any part of the harbour, or to any other port, on any day, on application to the Captain, or to the Agents, Messrs. H. & J. B. MITCHELL, and Co.

**THE NEW STEAMER PLANET.** Orders for passage, freight, or cargo, to be forwarded to the Captain, or to the Agents, Messrs. H. & J. B. MITCHELL, and Co.

**CHAP EXCURSION** to Watson's Bay and back, on the 10th inst. The steamer VICTORIA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave at 10 o'clock, returning at 12 o'clock.

**PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.** Four times daily, from Sydney at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., and 4 p.m. On Saturdays, at 9 a.m. From Parramatta at 10 a.m. From Sydney at 11 a.m.

**STEAM TO THE HUNTER.** The LILLOONG, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for the Hunter on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**STEAM TO MORETON BAY.** The A.S.N. Co's new and powerful steamship, the ROEMER, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for Moreton Bay on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**STEAM TO MELBOURNE.** The A.S.N. Co's new and powerful steamship, the ROEMER, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for Melbourne on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**STEAM TO HOBART TOWN.** The A.S.N. Co's new and powerful steamship, the ROEMER, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for Hobart Town on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**STEAM TO SYDNEY.** The A.S.N. Co's new and powerful steamship, the ROEMER, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for Sydney on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

## SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

**FOR HONGKONG.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for Hongkong on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.** Will be the first ship to leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**FOR LONDON.** The A1 barque LIMA, Captain J. B. MITCHELL, will leave for London on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

## ROYAL POLYTECHNIC.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE POLYTECHNIC.** The Royal Polytechnic, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

## THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**THE ESTATE OF HALL, AUSTEN, and LANG.** The estate of Hall, Austen, and Lang, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

## WANTED.

**WANTED.** For the southern district, an active and experienced Overseer. Must be well acquainted with the management of a sheep and cattle station, and experienced in the best mode of cultivation of land for the use of sheep and cattle. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** Two good Female General House Servants, to whom liberal wages will be given, if found competent. Apply at the Residence of Mr. J. B. MITCHELL, and Co.

**WANTED.** An Overseer, to manage a sheep and cattle station, and experienced in the best mode of cultivation of land for the use of sheep and cattle. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** A respectable married Woman, to do general housework, and to take care of the children. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** A small Cutter or Schooner, to be chartered for a voyage to the south coast. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** An Assistant Master, in a large school. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** A Coachman, to drive a carriage. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** A Gentleman, to manage a sheep and cattle station, and experienced in the best mode of cultivation of land for the use of sheep and cattle. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

**WANTED.** A Female Servant, to do general housework, and to take care of the children. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman. No one need apply who is not a native-born Englishman.

## ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.

**ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.** The Anniversary Regatta, will be held on Thursday, 11th inst. at 10 o'clock.



la.news-page1502738







## SHIPPING.

**ARRIVALS.**  
**January 9.**—Telegraph (s), 400 tons, Captain Peterson, from Newcastle, arrived at 10 a.m. on Sunday. The cargo consists of 100 tons of coal, 100 tons of flour, 100 tons of sugar, 100 tons of rice, 100 tons of oil, 100 tons of wine, 100 tons of spirits, 100 tons of fruit, 100 tons of vegetables, 100 tons of other goods.  
**January 10.**—Telegraph (s), 400 tons, Captain Peterson, from Newcastle, arrived at 10 a.m. on Monday. The cargo consists of 100 tons of coal, 100 tons of flour, 100 tons of sugar, 100 tons of rice, 100 tons of oil, 100 tons of wine, 100 tons of spirits, 100 tons of fruit, 100 tons of vegetables, 100 tons of other goods.

**DEPARTURES.**  
**January 9.**—China, for London, resumed her voyage. Leaving at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
**January 10.**—Shanghai, for London, resumed her voyage. Leaving at 10 a.m. on Monday.

**COASTERS INWARDS.**  
**January 9.**—Chambers, from Newcastle, with 500 bags of wool, 100 tons of flour, 100 tons of sugar, 100 tons of rice, 100 tons of oil, 100 tons of wine, 100 tons of spirits, 100 tons of fruit, 100 tons of vegetables, 100 tons of other goods.

**COASTERS OUTWARDS.**  
**January 9.**—Paterson, for Newcastle, with 500 bags of wool, 100 tons of flour, 100 tons of sugar, 100 tons of rice, 100 tons of oil, 100 tons of wine, 100 tons of spirits, 100 tons of fruit, 100 tons of vegetables, 100 tons of other goods.

**IMPORTS.**  
**January 9.**—Valley, from New Plymouth, 40 bags of wool, 100 tons of flour, 100 tons of sugar, 100 tons of rice, 100 tons of oil, 100 tons of wine, 100 tons of spirits, 100 tons of fruit, 100 tons of vegetables, 100 tons of other goods.

**EXPORTS.**  
**January 9.**—Ocean, for the Friendly Islands, 1 pipe rum, 2 pipes brandy, 2 pipes wine, 2 pipes spirits, 2 pipes fruit, 2 pipes vegetables, 2 pipes other goods.

**SHIP MAIL.**  
**January 9.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 9.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 10.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Monday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Monday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Monday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 11.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 12.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 13.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 14.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Friday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Friday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Friday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 15.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 16.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 17.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Monday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Monday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Monday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 18.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 19.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 20.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 21.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Friday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Friday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Friday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 22.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 23.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 24.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Monday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Monday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Monday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 25.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 26.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 27.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 28.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Friday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Friday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Friday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 29.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Saturday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 30.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Sunday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**January 31.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Monday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Monday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Monday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**February 1.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**February 2.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Wednesday.

**THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.**  
**February 3.**—The General Post Office, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, will receive the following mail:—  
 From Australia, by the "Australia," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.  
 From London, by the "London," at 10 a.m. on Thursday.

hard for instance to worry a man with needless inquiries as to his possession of a license; expatriating to drag him for several miles to compel him to produce that license, especially when it is known that the various accidents of bush life require that any document of value should often be deposited in some place of safety. It is extremely possible, therefore, that while no tenable reasons may be discovered for the insurgent spirit in the case of the actual insurgents, there may be beneath all a corroding and humiliating sense of injustice inflicted, and that by men "dressed in a little brief authority." To deprive agitators of their power it is important that Government should remove all the instruments of agitation. If a picture of tyranny is exhibited to a people who are conscious that no tyranny is exercised, it will produce little more than laughter. The self-inflicted sufferings of bad men will be too isolated to bind them in any common resistance; like the knife-grinder of Canning they will generally prove insensible to the oppression of a Government which permits them to get drunk, to lie down in the softest ditch, and to wear clothes in rags and ribbands formed so by their own, or by kindred hands.

The new description given by our Correspondent of the Ballarat war abates something of the story which we at first heard of the courage of the insurgents. Those who fled perhaps displayed the highest form of wisdom of which their circumstances admitted; they were unwilling to kill their assailants, and they were unwilling to be killed. They were in an action which was scarcely likely to give a national flag to their cause; they therefore ran away, the only act for which it is possible in this contest to praise them. There can be no doubt that among those who fell, many were possessed of that desperate courage which is found in the hireling soldier—sometimes in the robber.

Those who take up arms on light grounds not only violate their duty as subjects, but contract the guilt of felons. England has shown to her children by what means a grievance may be redressed,—in what consists the true force of freedom, and how it is possible they may conquer their stoutest and most united enemies. But having given this lesson in the great moral triumphs which illustrate her history, those who prize her reputation and her spirit will naturally shun her abhorrence of violence which can only demolish. Insurgency is needless for any desirable end, and is always attended—if not founded upon the most unquestionable necessity—by the guilt of atrocious crimes.

We are glad, however, to find that the license fee will be abolished. It would be perfectly equitable to require the purchase of a permit by those who enter upon Crown lands in search of precious metals, and it might have been politic to demand a price for the permanent privilege to extract the treasures of the soil. Still it is now perfectly clear that either the system of granting permits at one fixed sum must be immediately adopted or the entire charge in every form must be instantly abolished. To collect the license fee would require the service of an army. The impossibility of enforcing it, except in a few instances, is probably the cause of that restless and inquisitive process on the part of constables which sometimes entails great contumely and oppression upon individuals, and excites the indignation of half-educated men. The Government cannot be expected in the imposition of taxes which it has no power to exact. Every man who pays is exposed to the escape of his neighbours: his quota to the revenue is larger, and he seems frequently to be punished rather than applauded for his scrupulous adherence to law.

The Government does acquire a small amount of revenue, but it propagates a spirit of murmuring and of contempt. It is one consolation, however, that the earnings of the diggers will flow into the coffers of the State through the ordinary customs, and as the effect of that general oppression which must result from a branch of industry which with all its drawbacks, has proved eminently productive and successful.

While gigantic operations have been going on in the Black Sea and the Baltic, with the view of resisting the aggressive policy and curbing the restless ambition of the potentate "of all the Russias," operations on a smaller scale, and with a view somewhat similar, have been going on upon the waters of the North Pacific. And while the operations on the one theatre have been effectively accomplished, at least, one great end—that of saving the commerce of France and Great Britain in the western hemisphere from the insult and interruption which must have been expected had the fleets put up at Sebastopol and Cronstadt been roaming at large; the operations on the other theatre have quite as effectively accomplished the same end in regard to French and British commerce in our own hemisphere.

In both cases the excessive *prudence* of the czar's men-of-war was conspicuously displayed. No sooner had the two great maritime powers assumed an attitude of decided hostility, than the fleets of their enemy, instead of manfully meeting them face to face, or broadside to broadside, discreetly hastened to the shelter offered by the "granite" fortifications just named.

Scarcely, however, had they congratulated each other on the secure asylum within which they were riding at anchor, when they found that their asylum was also a goal—a goal from which there was no escape, its door being watched by a guard whose power they dared not to encounter, and whose vigilance they could not elude.

So also in the Pacific. No sooner had the Russian squadron rolled over its billows, than the Russian squadron in this part of the world, instead of bearing down upon the Polynesian possessions of France or of Australasia Colonies of Great Britain, true to the instincts of their compatriots in the west, hastened to the shelter offered by the guns of Petropaulskoi.

And scarcely had they realised the tranquility of what they fondly deemed an inviolable sanctuary, when they heard the enemy thundering at its gates, felt the terrors of his exasperated power, and, crippled and humbled, sank into hopeless imprisonment for at least the inhospitable months of the coming winter.

The broad analogy between the transactions on the western and those on the eastern theatre of war, in so far as the cowardice and humiliation of the Russian navy are concerned, suggests the consideration of another analogy.

The territorial aggressiveness of the Muscovite as regards both its audacious aspirations and its marvellous successes, had for more than a century been too familiar to the experience of Western Europe. But while the Western Powers, having submitted to encroachment after encroachment, until his huge despotism had extended itself to the Vistula and the Danube, were at length aroused to a sense of the direction would expose themselves, and indeed the liberties of the whole civilized world, they were perhaps little aware of the rapid strides he had recently made, and was still making, in the eastern and north-eastern borders of Asia.

The discovery of this fact was not the least important of the services rendered by the late expedition of the allied squadrons to the shores of Kamtschatka. Indeed, the very circumstance of the expedition having, in a military point of view, proved a partial failure, serves but to enhance the importance of the discovery. The unexpected magnitude and strength of the enemy's fortifications, the unexpected numerousness of his soldiery, and the certainly unexpected repulse which befel his gallant assailants, and the dreadful carnage with which the repulse was attended, but too plainly indicate that the footing which Russia has gained in that part of the world is more ominous than had before been suspected. It came to the knowledge of the allies, that the military strength of Russia, in her previously known possessions in that quarter, was but a token and a result of still larger possessions, but recently achieved, and achieved by stealth. While her old possessions had made her the mistress of the sea of Okotsk, her new possessions, filched from the Celestial Empire, bade fair to give her a potent influence in the Sea of Japan, and ere long over the whole commerce of the north-western portions of the Pacific, gradually spreading farther and farther towards the south, just as she had been so long and so triumphantly doing in Europe.

Polynesia and Australasia have, therefore, as well as the old world, reason to rejoice in the glorious doings on the Crimea. The insatiable despot who was panting for wider domination there was also panting for wider domination here. Had victory crowned his arms in the present struggle, who shall say what, in all human probability, would have been the consequences in our own neighbourhood, and in our own midst? Ascendancy over France and England could hardly have failed to give supremacy over their dependencies in this hemisphere. And of all supremacies to which free and enlightened Englishmen, could by possibility be subjected in the present age, we know of none to be so deeply dreaded and so devoutly deprecated as that of the Autocrat of the enslaved and barbarian Russians.

**MELBOURNE.**  
 [From our own Correspondent.]  
 JANUARY 30th.—The only matter which at present engages public attention here is the extensive system of retrenchment now being carried out by the Government. No less than thirty-five post offices in the interior have been abandoned, and about thirty employed in the Melbourne office have been dismissed at a day's warning. Similar proportions have also been removed from the Customs, and other public offices. From all I can hear, considerable justice and judgment have been exercised in the removals; the idle and the incapable have been cleared out, and those who distinguished themselves have been promoted. The measure will be felt as a hardship by individuals, but it is a vast benefit to the community; and really the hardship is less here than in any other part of the world, for all the diggings afford a means of livelihood, and I have received information on which I can rely that the Anderson's Creek diggings, only sixteen miles from Melbourne, yield a very fair remuneration to every one able and willing to work. The prosperity of the gold fields is our grand safety-valve and point d'appui. But this is not the sole field for our industrial classes. On the sides of our various volcanic ranges are tracts of rich soil, extending to about twelve millions of acres, which are destined to be the garden and granary of the Southern hemisphere. The inhabitants are now beginning to operate upon these lands, and are producing fine crops. Already the late importations of guano are beginning to tell, and you may depend that in a year, or at farthest two years, this country will produce food sufficient for all its inhabitants. The commercial depression has in this direction done a great deal of good. It has driven to the country a vast number of drongmen who were hanging about town producing nothing, but consuming a great deal too much. There is now something like a healthy proportion between the producers and consumers, and this is the first step in the progress to a sound and stable position of trade.

I beg to direct your attention to a statement of the revenue which you will find in the papers of this morning. It affords a remarkable proof of the accuracy of the view I have always taken as to the limited extent of the commercial "crisis" here. My impression always was, that the bulk of the community remained in a great measure unaffected by the commercial disasters, and the great steadiness of the revenue is a very strong proof that my view was correct.

I observe in the *Empire* that a Melbourne correspondent asserts that the population of this city is revolutionary. It is scarcely necessary to contradict this monstrous misstatement. If you consider for a moment, you must see that it carries absurdity on the face of it. The people of England are eminently loyal at present, and it is to be supposed that, on coming to a colony, they are changed into republicans all at once! About two-thirds of our population are newly from England, and their characteristic is intense loyalty—so much so, in fact, that I do not think any amount of local misgovernment would induce them to abandon British connection. This will be proved for the next generation, by whom in all probability the separation will be effected.

Our commercial affairs are still without improvement, and confidence generally can be said to exist. Flour and provisions generally are now in most cases sold for cash. Although the stocks of flour are low, the speculators dare not operate, as the bakers will purchase from hand to mouth. In fact, the impression is general that, before the supplies from the new harvest come in, we shall have considerable shipments from North and South America. Fine sugars are dull. The holders require to have the new duty with the trade. Coffee is not improved by the duty. Spirits are lower. Martell's brandy is only worth 9s, and others in proportion. Tea out of bond is sold in large quantity at 62s. 6d. for congou, and is held for 27s. Hyson-skins quite unsaleable. Candles are firm. Oilmen's stores are very plentiful, and declining. The stocks of bulk stores are very heavy. Scotch oats are scarce, and wanted. Maize is not firm, and potatoes are nominal. The large immigration is a favourable circumstance, but the merchants see with regret that with all its imports in overwhelming quantities. It appears that nothing but a total cessation of remittances will induce a cessation of exports, and it is almost a question if even that would stop the ruinous mania.

JANUARY 6th.—Politically, matters here have settled down to an absolute calm. The conduct of Government in so promptly and faithfully acting on the resolutions of the Council, has given the new administration a high place in public esteem. It is certainly a very hard case for many of the employes, who have been turned out at a moment's warning, but if they had any intelligence they must for a very long time have seen that matters must come to such an issue, and they ought to have prepared themselves accordingly. Besides it is not so hard a case here as in any other country, for the various gold fields, to which the employes, at a former critical time, were so fond of rushing, are still extant, and it is now found that the Anderson's Creek diggings, only sixteen miles from Melbourne, will afford a comfortable livelihood to five thousand men and their families. Such is the estimate

of a friend of mine, who recently visited these diggings, and made a very careful examination. He there found a very large proportion of the unemployed artisans who lately raised an outcry, and in whose cause my friend had taken considerable interest.

The excitement respecting quartz crushing continues, and many persons, even with the rudest appliances, are realising a large return from this operation. Numerous inventions have been made of machines suitable for the purpose, and from the *Government Gazette* I observe that since August last no less than seven patents have been applied for in reference to improvements or new machines for searching, for crushing, and amalgamating the auriferous rocks, and ores.

It is a very remarkable fact that notwithstanding the very severe commercial depression which exists, the public revenues have not fallen off. On the contrary, the ordinary revenue in nearly all its principal items has shown a marked increase, and what is more surprising still, the amount for gold licenses at 10s. is rapidly rising to that received at the period when 30s. was the rate. This affords another demonstration that the license fee after all was not the real grievance, but the personal conduct of the officials and police employed to collect it.

The flourishing state of the revenue is in my opinion a proof that the amount of injury caused by the commercial depression, or crisis, if you will, is very limited, and that it does not affect the community generally. As I have several times explained, the former commercial crisis affected the whole community, because in effect it stood upon one leg. But now we have several legs. The import interest has suffered very severely, and speculators in land and builders of houses have suffered. But the agricultural and the stockholders are stable and prosperous. Scarcely one of them has become insolvent. The owners of land and houses purchased at reasonable rates are deriving an excellent return from their investments, and capitalists receive a good interest. Above all, the whole of the gold interest is prosperous, and numerous merchants in town have all along carried on an excellent country business. In fact, some of them at the time of our lowest depression, have told me that they never were better.

It is very much to be wished that your colony would take joint action with those in the south, for the purpose of establishing a fortnightly mail to Suva. It is the only way in which frequent, speedy, and regular communication with England can be accomplished. The Southern colonies will never join with you either in reference to Panama or Torres Strait; and as the mountain won't go to Mahomet, Mahomet should climb the mountain. It has been thoroughly demonstrated, the route via Diego Garcia is the quickest and the best even for Sydney, and, therefore, it is for the interest of Sydney that it should be adopted. I defy any of your wisdom to answer that argument. It is, I am confident, merited by the position Sydney has lately assumed; but in a matter of business it is absurd to permit such a feeling to operate.

For commercial intelligence, I refer you to the *Argus* summary by the *Argus*.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]  
 I have only a moment to tell you that the Commission of Enquiry to the Gold Fields returned last night. I have the very best grounds for assuring you that the hardships of which the diggers complained have turned out to be without the slightest foundation. Even Mr. Fawcett was astonished at the utter want of real causes of complaint against the Commissioners. I believe not one single case of abuse of power has been established. The disturbances were got up by what are called "loafers," stump operators, and agitators, who live on the credulity of the masses. The Commission have also discovered that, instead of only 150 persons having been in the stockade, when the military attacked it, there were nearly 700, who bolted as fast as they could at the first shot, and that many more were killed and wounded than supposed. The accounts given in the Melbourne newspapers are grossly incorrect. There is no doubt that the license fee will be done away with, as all parties are convinced of the absurdity of attempting to hunt up daily some 60,000 diggers scattered over all the country, in every hole and corner of it. I suspect the two parties which will cut the worst figure, when all the transactions connected with the late affairs of the Gold Fields are calmly considered, will be the Governor and the Press.

Melbourne, 6th January, 1855.

[FROM THE PAPERS.]  
 SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was done that we can hear of. Our Portland neighbours appear to have suffered from the same gale, according to the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Guardian*.—*Argus*.

SEVERAL GALE.—On Saturday last the wind blew in tremendous gusts from the westward, and the town was deluged with rain. The gale was the greatest part of the day. Fortunately no damage was











## SALES BY AUCTION

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales,  
Sherriff's Office,  
Sydney, 10th January, 1885.  
Benton v. Ingram.

**THIS DAY, at 10 a.m., in the Market shed, George-street, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold a quantity of suit trunks, boots, and stail tins, &c., unless this condition be previously satisfied.**

To Drapers, Cashiers, Shoppers, and others.

Very important and extensive stock of French Ribbons, and the most magnificent assortment of Trimmings ever imported.

**M. W. C. RUSH** has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Vial, d'Aranc, and

to sell by auction, at the Warehouse, Wyndham-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, the 11th and 12th of January, at 11 o'clock each day.

One hundred and twenty-five cases of French Ribbons and trimmings, consisting of:

St. 11, 12, and 13 French lutes

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

**MR. CHARLES NEWTON** will sell by auction, at his Sale Rooms, on FRIDAY, 12th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Particulars of the stock to be sold, and the names of the vendors, will be published in the Herald on FRIDAY, 12th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Very important and extensive stock of French Ribbons, and the most magnificent assortment of Trimmings ever imported.

**M. W. C. RUSH** has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Vial, d'Aranc, and

to sell by auction, at the Warehouse, Wyndham-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, the 11th and 12th of January, at 11 o'clock each day.

One hundred and twenty-five cases of French Ribbons and trimmings, consisting of:

St. 11, 12, and 13 French lutes

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

**MESSRS. W. DEAN AND CO.** have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Auction Mart, 201, George-street, at 11 o'clock, on THURSDAY, 11th JANUARY, 1885.

Particulars of the stock to be sold, and the names of the vendors, will be published in the Herald on THURSDAY, 11th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Very important and extensive stock of French Ribbons, and the most magnificent assortment of Trimmings ever imported.

**M. W. C. RUSH** has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Vial, d'Aranc, and

to sell by auction, at the Warehouse, Wyndham-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, the 11th and 12th of January, at 11 o'clock each day.

One hundred and twenty-five cases of French Ribbons and trimmings, consisting of:

St. 11, 12, and 13 French lutes

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto ditto ditto

Ditto ditto dit



u/nla.news-page1502